

METHOD OF NOISE REDUCTION USING CORRECTION AND SCALING VECTORS WITH PARTITIONING OF THE ACOUSTIC SPACE IN THE DOMAIN OF NOISY SPEECH

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method and apparatus are provided for reducing noise in a training signal and/or test The noise reduction technique uses a stereo signal formed of two channel signals, each channel containing the same pattern signal. One of the channel signals is "clean" and the other includes additive noise. Using feature vectors from these channel signals, a collection of noise correction and scaling vectors is determined. When a feature vector of a noisy pattern signal is later received, it is multiplied by the best scaling vector for that feature vector and the best correction vector added to the product to produce a noise reduced feature vector. Under one embodiment, the best scaling and correction vectors are identified by choosing an optimal mixture component for the noisy The optimal mixture component being feature vector. selected based on a distribution of noisy channel feature vectors associated with each mixture component.